

## Great Western Painting

Mining/Surface – Metal/Non-Metal – Accident Reporting

### Accident Reporting

30 CFR 50.2

30 CFR 50.10

30 CFR 50.11

30 CFR 50.20

30 CFR 50.30

Reference Interagency Agreement between the Mine Safety and Health Administration U.S. Department of Labor and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration U.S. Department of Labor. Many MSHA and OSHA standards and requirements are identical in nature and there may be some overlap in enforcement of standards.

When working as an operator in the capacity of an independent contractor performing services or construction at a facility that falls under MSHA standards, the provisions of our safety program apply except as modified below:

#### **Immediate notification:**

The operator shall immediately contact MSHA at once without delay and within 15 minutes at the toll-free number, **1-800-746-1553**, once the operator knows or should know that an accident has occurred involving:

- a. A death of an individual at the mine;
- b. An injury of an individual at the mine which has a reasonable potential to cause death;
- c. An entrapment of an individual at the mine which has a reasonable potential to cause death; or
- d. Any other accident.

Below, per 30 CFR 50.2(h), is a **revised** list of "accidents" which require reporting with 15 minutes

1. A death of an individual at a mine;
2. An injury to an individual at a mine which has a reasonable potential to cause death;
3. An entrapment of an individual for more than 30 minutes or which has a reasonable potential to cause death;
4. An unplanned inundation of a mine by a liquid or gas;
5. An unplanned ignition or explosion of gas or dust;
6. In underground mines, an unplanned fire not extinguished within 10 minutes of discovery; in surface mines and surface areas of

underground mines, an unplanned fire not extinguished within 30 minutes of discovery;

7. An unplanned ignition or explosion of a blasting agent or an explosive;
8. An unplanned roof fall at or above the anchorage zone in active workings where roof bolts are in use; or, an unplanned roof or rib fall in active workings that impairs ventilation or impedes passage;
9. A coal or rock outburst that causes withdrawal of miners or which disrupts regular mining activity for more than one hour;
10. An unstable condition at an impoundment, refuse pile, or culm bank which requires emergency action in order to prevent failure, or which causes individuals to evacuate an area; or, failure of an impoundment, refuse pile, or culm bank;
11. Damage to hoisting equipment in a shaft or slope which endangers an individual or which interferes with use of the equipment for more than thirty minutes; and
12. An event at a mine which causes death or bodily injury to an individual not at the mine at the time the event occurs.

#### **Follow-Up Notification:**

A supply of MSHA Mine Accident, Injury, and Illness Report, Form 7000-1, will be maintained at the mine office. The principal officer in charge of health and safety at the mine or the supervisor of the mine area in which an accident or occupational injury occurs, or an occupational illness may have originated, will complete or review the Form 7000-1. MSHA requires that all accidents be investigated and "reportable injuries" be reported on Form 7000-1 within **ten (10) working days** after an accident or occupational injury occurs or an occupational illness is diagnosed.

Each operator shall report each occupational injury or occupational illness on one set of forms. If more than one miner is injured in the same accident or is affected simultaneously with the same occupational illness, an operator shall complete a separate set of forms for each miner affected.

#### **Quarterly Employment Information:**

Each operator of a mine in which an individual worked during any day of a calendar quarter must complete an MSHA Form 7000-2 in accordance with the instructions and criteria in 30 CFR 50.30-1 and submit the original to:

MSHA Office of Injury and Employment Information  
P.O. Box 25367  
Denver Federal Center  
Denver, Colo. 80225

The MSHA Form 7000-2 must be submitted **within 15 days** after the end of each calendar quarter.

Each operator shall retain an operator's copy at the mine office nearest the mine for 5 years after the submission date.

These forms may also be submitted:

- a. by facsimile        888-231-5515
- b. electronically     <http://www.msha.gov/forms/elawsforms/7000-1.htm>

### **Investigation:**

After notification of an accident by an operator, the MSHA District Manager will promptly decide whether to conduct an accident investigation and will promptly inform the operator of his decision.

If MSHA decides to investigate an accident, it will initiate the investigation within 24 hours of notification.

Each operator of a mine shall investigate each accident and each occupational injury at the mine. Each operator of a mine shall develop a report of each investigation. No operator may use Form 7000-1 as a report, except that an operator of a mine at which fewer than twenty miners are employed may, with respect to that mine, use Form 7000-1 as an investigation report respecting an occupational injury not related to an accident. No operator may use an investigation or an investigation report conducted or prepared by MSHA to comply with this paragraph. An operator shall submit a copy of any investigation report to MSHA at its request. Each report prepared by the operator shall include:

1. The date and hour of occurrence;
2. The date the investigation began;
3. The names of individuals participating in the investigation;
4. A description of the site;
5. An explanation of the accident or injury, including a description of any equipment involved and relevant events before and after the occurrence, and any explanation of the cause of any injury, the cause of any accident or cause of any other event which caused an injury;
6. The name, occupation, and experience of any miner involved;
7. A sketch, where pertinent, including dimensions depicting the occurrence;
8. A description of steps taken to prevent a similar occurrence in the future; and
9. Identification of any report submitted under 30 CFR 50.20.